#### **Prague office**

#### 773 177 636

- MON and THU 9 a.m. 5 p.m. by appointment
- Fliášova 28, 160 00 Praha 6
- □ poradna@in-ius.cz

#### **Brno Office**

#### 773 177 104

- MON 9 a.m. 7 p.m. by appointment
- Malinovského náměstí 4, 602 00 Brno
- poradna.brno@in-ius.cz

### **Entire Czech Republic**

800 922 922 (free telephone line)

- <sup>™</sup> MON FRI 9 a.m. 5 p.m.
- □ poradna@in-ius.cz
- poradnajustyna.cz



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#### Our Free Services

#### Social Counselling

- · Consultations with a social worker
- Assistance with visits to public authorities, doctors and the Police
- · Safety plan in case of emergency
- · Advice on media matters
- Referrals to psychological support and therapy
- Crisis Assistance

#### **Legal Information**

- Advice on your rights in criminal proceeding and help with their enforcement
- · Prevention of secondary harm
- Preparation of documents and complaints

#### **Legal Services**

- Assistance with access to legal services
- Representation throughout the criminal and related civil proceedings
- Claiming damages
- In justified cases, filing constitutional complaints

Have you been attacked because of your sexual orientation or gender identity?

Justýna Counselling

Centre will help you

defend your rights





# What form can bias-based violence come in?

verbal attacks and swearing

online attacks intimidation

threats extortion

defamatory graffiti

property damage sexual assault

rape physical attack

Even someone in your proximity can be an attacker. Unlike with other at risk groups, the perpetrators of bias violence against LGBT+ people are often their loved ones. An attack can be a response to your coming out.

Confide in someone you trust.

Coming out is important for personal integrity and the ability to live your life according to your sexual and emotional preferences.

An assault like this may meet criteria for a number of **criminal offences**.

Less severe cases may constitute a **misdemeanour**.

# What can you do for yourself?

- You can contact the Police at 158 emergency hotline or file a criminal complaint
- If you are in imminent danger, try to find a public space (a hospital, post office, etc.)
- Ask a specific individual for help. If you reach out to an anonymous group of people, it is less likely that someone will help you.
- If you have been injured, seek medical help.
   Photograph your injuries and make sure to obtain a medical report from the doctor.
   Both can serve as important evidence.
- · Confide in somebody you trust.
- In less serious cases (i.e. a misdemeanours) file a request for investigation with the relevant municipal office.
- You can also fight bias-based acts against yourself by filing a right of privacy cation in civil or administrative proceedings.
- · Contact Justýna Counselling Centre.
- Justýna Counselling Centre will help you defend your rights.

## You have a right to

- information and free professional assistance
- information in a language you understand, including when dealing with the Police
- short-term Police protection
- have an aggressor evicted from a shared accommodation
- preliminary measures in case your life, health, freedom or dignity are threatened by the aggressor
- have your identity and other personal data (e.g. home address) concealed in the police file
- prevent the aggressor from contacting you
- choose whether you want to be questioned by a man or a woman
- one-off and sensitively conduced questioning
- be accompanied by a confident and represented by an attorney during the interrogation
- financial assistance to overcome financial difficulties after failing victim to a crime
- damages awarded in criminal proceedings